# MONTEZUMA FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT OF SOLANO COUNTY



Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# Montezuma Fire Protection District of Solano County For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

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# Montezuma Fire Protection District of Solano County For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# **Board of Directors\***

Mitch Mashburn, Chair
Monica Brown, Vice-Chair
Wanda Williams-Chair Pro Tem
John Vasquez, Director
Cassandra James, Director

\* As of audit issuance date of April 7, 2025

District Fire Chief - Michael O'Connor

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# Melinda S. Ingram, CPA 3203 Corte Valencia, Fairfield, CA 94534 (707) 330-7265 msicpa@outlook.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Montezuma Fire Protection District Rio Vista, California

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Montezuma Fire Protection District (District), as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Montezuma Fire Protection District as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budget comparison schedules information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

The Montezuma Fire Protection District has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis. The required supplementary information presented to supplement the basic financial statements is described as the Budget Comparison Schedules for the General Fund.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Mclinda S Ingram

Melinda S. Ingram, CPA Fairfield, California April 7, 2025

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	6/30/2023	6/30/2022		
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash & equivalents	\$ 2,623,369	\$ 2,613,774		
Prepaid expenses	<u> </u>	706		
Total current assets	2,623,369	2,614,480		
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets, net				
Land	140,086	140,086		
Structure and improvements	327,163	355,521		
Equipment	1,150,736	1,174,839		
Total noncurrent assets	1,617,985	1,670,446		
Total assets	4,241,354	4,284,926		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Outstanding warrants	116,452	51,710		
Accounts payable	4,547	17,429		
Due to other agencies	7,209	5,598		
Total current liabilities	128,208	74,737		
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	61,422	51,760		
Total noncurrent liabilities	61,422	51,760		
Total liabilities	189,630	126,497		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,617,985	1,670,446		
Unrestricted	2,433,739	2,487,983		
Total net position	\$ 4,051,724	\$ 4,158,429		

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Statement of Activities

# For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	6/30/2023	6/30/2022		
Program expenses:				
Employee services	\$ 563,542	\$ 575,512		
Depreciation	135,616	137,767		
Maintenance	67,499	47,884		
Professional & specialized services	49,186	32,333		
Transportation & travel	35,445	35,227		
Insurance	34,571	30,654		
Communication	26,629	27,637		
Utilities	23,232	22,167		
Equipment for Non-County Agency	18,214	-		
Non-capitalized equipment	14,690	9,638		
Supplies	13,721	57,557		
Special district expense	9,289	9,727		
Household expense	8,269	7,711		
Property tax refunds	1,605	1,447		
Small toole & instruments	427	516		
Miscellaneous	8,902	6,084		
Total program expenses	1,010,837	1,001,861		
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	58,345	190,675		
Operating grants and contributions	27,390	11,217		
Total program revenues	85,735	201,892		
Net program expenses	925,102	799,969		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	734,879	701,848		
Interest income	54,679	8,147		
Other revenue	16,775	8,673		
Lease income	12,000	9,600		
Intergovernmental revenues	64_	58		
Total general revenues	818,397	728,326		
Change in net position	(106,705)	(71,643)		
Net position:				
Beginning of the year	4,158,429	4,230,072		
End of the year	\$ 4,051,724	\$ 4,158,429		

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2023 and 2022

	6/30/2023		6/30/2022		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,623,369	\$	2,613,774	
Prepaid expenses				706	
Total assets	\$	2,623,369	\$	2,614,480	
Liabilities					
Outstanding warrants	\$	116,452	\$	51,710	
Accounts payable		4,547		17,429	
Due to other agencies		7,209		5,598	
Total liabilities	128,208			74,737	
Fund Balance					
Assigned for:					
Imprest cash		44,000		44,000	
Future equipment acquisition		420,000		500,000	
General reserve		500,000		500,000	
Unassigned		1,531,161		1,495,743	
Total fund balance		2,495,161		2,539,743	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,623,369	\$	2,614,480	

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 & 2022

	 2023	 2022
Total governmental funds, fund balance	\$ 2,495,161	\$ 2,539,743
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,617,985	1,670,446
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported in the funds		
Compensated absences	 (61,422)	 (51,760)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,051,724	\$ 4,158,429

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

# For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	6/30/2023	6/30/2022		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 734,879	\$ 701,848		
Charges for services	58,345	190,675		
Interest income	54,679	8,147		
Grant revenue	27,390	11,217		
Other revenue	16,775	8,673		
Lease income	12,000	9,600		
Intergovernmental revenue	64	58		
Total revenues	904,132	930,218		
Expenditures:				
Employee services	553,880	559,204		
Maintenance	67,499	47,884		
Professional & specialized services	49,186	32,333		
Transportation & travel	35,445	35,227		
Insurance	34,571	30,654		
Communication	26,629	27,637		
Utilities	23,232	22,167		
Equipment for Non-County Agency	18,214	-		
Non-capitalized equipment	14,690	9,638		
Supplies	13,721	57,557		
Special district expense	9,289	9,727		
Household expense	8,269	7,711		
Property tax refunds	1,605	1,447		
Small tools & instruments	427	516		
Miscellaneous	8,902	6,084		
Capital outlay	83,155	10,834		
Total expenditures	948,714	858,620		
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues				
over/(under) expenditures	(44,582)	71,598		
Fund balance - beginning	2,539,743	2,468,145		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,495,161	\$ 2,539,743		

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	6	/30/2023	6	/30/2022
Net change in fund balances	\$	(44,582)	\$	71,598
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the				
statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated				
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.				
Capital outlay		83,155		10,834
Depreciation expense		(135,616)		(137,767)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.				
Change in compensated absences		(9,662)		(16,308)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

(106,705)

(71,643)

# Montezuma Fire Protection District of Solano County Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principals. In addition, the District complies with the uniform accounting system for districts prescribed by the State Controller in compliance with the Government Code of the State of California.

#### A. Reporting Entity

Montezuma Fire Protection District (District) of Solano County was formed in 1928 as an independent special district for the purpose of providing fire protection services to approximately 200 square miles of mostly farmland and pasture lands, and includes the communities of Birds Landing, Collinsville, Hastings Island, Prospect Island, Ryer Island, and Holland Tract. The District is located in the southeastern portion of Solano County and surrounds the city of Rio Vista almost in its entirety.

The District operates as a rural fire protection district under the authority of Health and Safety Code § 13800, *Uniform Fire Protection District Law of 1987*, of the State of California. This authority empowers fire districts to provide structural, wildland and vehicle fire suppression services, rescue services, emergency medical services, fire prevention services, hazardous material response, and other support services relating to the protection of lives and property.

The District is governed by the Solano County Board of Supervisor.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenue, in the period when levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay

liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or as a reservation of fund balance. The District considers property taxes available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and 2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented instead as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statement

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in separate columns.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is maintained in the Solano County Treasury and in a commercial bank, Farmers & Merchants Bank of Central California.

The Farmers & Merchants Bank of Central California account is funded on an imprest (advance) basis from the District's cash in the County Treasury, The District uses the commercial bank account to satisfy its obligations resulting from day-to-day operations. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30. 2022, the District's bank account balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance.

The District's cash maintained in the Solano County Treasury is pooled with the County and various other depositors. The District is a non-mandatory depositor, pursuant to the California Health & Safety Code Section 13854. The District's ability to withdraw large sums of cash from the County Treasury may be subject to certain restrictions set by the County Treasurer.

The County's pooled cash and investments are invested pursuant to investment policy guidelines established by the County Treasurer and approved by the County Board of Supervisors. The objectives of the policy (in order of priority) are: legality, preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. The policy addresses the soundness of financial institutions in which the County will deposit funds, types of investment instruments as permitted by the California Government Code, and the percentage of the portfolio which may be invested in certain instruments with longer terms of maturity. A detailed breakdown of cash and investments and a categorization of risk factors per GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures and GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, are presented in the County of Solano Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### 1. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". The District's interfund accounts would be eliminated from the government-wide financial statements because both of those funds are reported within the governmental activities' column.

## 2. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent payments made to vendors for costs that benefit future periods.

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, equipment, and donated equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District's capitalization policy as equipment-other with an initial cost of \$2,000 or more and a useful life of three years or longer and vehicles, specialty equipment and buildings and improvements with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of two years or longer. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or estimated historical cost if constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their fair value on the date of donation.

Structures and improvements, equipment, and depreciable infrastructure assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Computer equipment	3-5
Office equipment	3-7
Specialty equipment and vehicles	2-20
Structures and improvements	10-40

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in the District's operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the District's General Fund upon acquisition.

#### 4. Outstanding Warrants

Outstanding warrants represent the amount of warrants issued but not yet presented to the County for payment. When payables are processed, expenditures are recorded in the District's fund and a liability for accounts payable is created. When the warrant is issued, the liability for accounts payable is reduced and a outstanding warrant liability is created, pending payment of the warrant.

#### 5. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the balance due for goods received and/or services rendered.

#### 6. Due to Other Agencies

Due to other agencies represent amounts owed to governmental entities and others outside the District.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit qualified employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Accrued vacation and sick leave are paid at the time of the employee's termination based on established District policy. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, the District's compensated absences leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. An expenditure is reported in the governmental fund only if unused vacation and/or sick is paid out due to an employee separating from service with the District.

District policy states upon termination of employment because of regular or disability retirement, death, release from District employment because of a permanent reduction in the number of authorized regular help positions, a regular employee may be paid for fifty (50) percent of their accumulated unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 350 hours. Unused, earned vacation leave will be paid up to a maximum of 320 hours, at the hourly equivalent of the employee's salary for each hour of earned vacation up until the end of the last pay period worked.

#### 8. Net Position/Fund Balance

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- *Net invested in capital assets* This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt, attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces the balance in this category.
- *Unrestricted* This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

The various categories of fund balance represent relative strength or hierarchy of spending constraints.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, fund balance was categorized as follows:

These categories are established either by inherent, external or internal limitations.

- Assigned Assigned fund balance consists of funds constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose.
- *Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications and is available for financing future budgets.

# 9. Fund Balance Policy

The District Board of Trustees has not formally adopted a Fund Balance Policy. However, the District adheres to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

The District's spending priority applies to fund balance and revenue sources. In circumstances when expenditures are made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classification, the use of fund balance will be applied in the following order:

- 1. Restricted
- 2. Committed
- 3. Assigned
- 4. Unassigned

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

During any District Board meeting, the Board of Fire Commissioners may establish or change an Assigned Fund Balance through Board approval of a 3/5 vote. The Board of Fire Commissioners is the only entity delegated to assign Fund Balance.

#### 10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Property Taxes

The State of California (State) Constitution Article XIII A provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed one percent of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100 percent of market value as defined by Article XIII and may be adjusted by no more than two percent per year unless the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distributing receipts from a one percent tax levy among the counties, cities, school districts, and other districts.

Secured, unitary and supplemental property taxes are apportioned in advance of collection. Unsecured taxes are apportioned after collection.

#### **B.** GANN Appropriations Limit

In accordance with Article XIII B of the California Constitution, the District is subject to the appropriations limit since the District was in existence on January 1, 1978, and the District's tax levy for fiscal year 1977/78 was above  $12 \frac{1}{2}$  cents per \$100 of assessed valuation. The appropriations limit for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	6/30/2023		6/30/2023		 6/30/2022
GANN Appropriations Limit	\$	1,524,827	\$ 1,426,055		
Appropriations Subject to Limitation		750,157	 674,757		
Amount Under Appropriations Limit	\$	774,670	\$ 751,298		

## III. DETAILED NOTES

# A. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30,2023 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 140,086	\$ -		\$ 140,086
Total capital assets not being depreciated	140,086	-		140,086
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Equipment Donated equipment	770,984 2,530,480 4,868	83,155	- - -	770,984 2,613,635 4,868
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,306,332	83,155		3,389,487
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(415.462)	(20.250)		(442.021)
Structures and improvements	(415,463)	(28,358)	-	(443,821)
Equipment  Donated equipment	(1,355,641) (4,868)	(107,259)		(1,462,900) (4,868)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,775,972)	(135,617)		(1,911,589)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,530,360	(52,462)		1,477,898
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,670,446	\$ (52,462)		\$ 1,617,984

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30,2022 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 140,086	\$ -		\$ 140,086
Total capital assets not being depreciated	140,086	<u> </u>		140,086
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Equipment	770,984 2,519,646	10,834	-	770,984 2,530,480
Donated equipment	4,868	<del> </del>		4,868
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,295,498	10,834		3,306,332
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(387,105)	(28,358)	-	(415,463)
Equipment	(1,246,719)	(108,922)	-	(1,355,641)
Donated equipment	(4,381)	(487)	<u> </u>	(4,868)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,638,205)	(137,767)		(1,775,972)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,657,293	(126,933)		1,530,360
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,797,379	\$ (126,933)		\$ 1,670,446

#### B. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	51,760	9,662		61,422	15,356
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 51,760	\$ 9,662	\$ -	\$ 61,422	\$ 15,356

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	35,452	16,308		51,760	12,940
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 35,452	\$ 16,308	\$ -	\$ 51,760	\$ 12,940

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including general liability, business automobile liability, property, errors and omissions, pollution liability, fraud, workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance.

#### **B.** Employee Retirement-SEP IRA Contribution Program

The District has elected to provide full time employees with a SEP IRA retirement account. The District contracts with Capital Group, American Funds Group Investments to provide four eligible employees with a SEP IRA retirement account. A Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) plan provides the District with a simplified method to contribute toward their employees' retirement savings. Employer contributions are made to an employee's Individual Retirement Account or Annuity (IRA). Contributions are optional and at employers' discretion and must be the same percentage of compensation for all eligible employees. The District was contributing seven percent (7%) of an employee's base salary each pay period. Effective 5/1/22 all retirement benefits were raised from 7% to 10% of base salary. No participant contributions are allowed, and contributions are immediately vested. Plan participants control their accounts and make their own investment choices. Investments are not FDIC-insured, nor are they deposits of or guaranteed by a bank or any other entity, so they may lose value. The District has no access, ownership, or liability for participant accounts. Upon an employee's separation from the District, no further obligation remains to the District.

For fiscal year 2022/23 and 2021/22, the District paid \$27,549 and \$19,813, respectively, for District employee retirement plans.

#### C. Subsequent Events

1. The District had been governed by an appointed Board of Fire Commissioners consisting of five (5) members serving four-year terms. The Board of Supervisors of Solano County approved the appointment of each member.

On March 11, 2025, the Solano County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution appointing the Solano County Board of Supervisors as the Montezuma Fire Protection District's Governing Board of Directors, thus dissolving the Montezuma Fire Protection District's Board of Fire Commissioners.

2. In fiscal year 2020/21, the Board of Fire Commissioners applied for two Assistance to Firefighters Grant funding opportunity offered by the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). One was for pagers and radios and a second was for turnouts and an extractor.

During fiscal year 2023/24, the District received federal grant funding in the amount of \$738,107 from the first grant and \$15,087 from the second grant. The total amount of federal grant funding received for the fiscal year 2023/24 was \$753,194.

As a result of expending \$750,000 or more in federal awards during fiscal year 2023/24, the District is required to undergo a Single Audit. Per Grant Financial Management Requirements under 2 CFR 200.501—Audit Requirements, a single audit is required for an entity that expends \$750,000 or more in federal awards during its fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Adopted		Final		<b>Actual Amounts</b>		(Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$	791,860		791,860	\$	734,879	\$	(56,981)
Charges for services		-		-		58,345		58,345
Interest income		8,000		8,000		54,679		46,679
Grant revenue		-		-		27,390		27,390
Other revenue		-		-		16,775		16,775
Lease income		7,200		7,200		12,000		4,800
Intergovernmental revenue						64		64
Total revenues		807,060		807,060		904,132		97,072
Expenditures:								
Employee services		565,862		565,862		553,880		11,982
Maintenance		43,000		43,000		67,499		(24,499)
Professional & specialized services		67,000		67,000		49,186		17,814
Transportation & travel		22,500		22,500		35,445		(12,945)
Insurance		34,000		34,000		34,571		(571)
Communication		21,500		21,500		26,629		(5,129)
Utilities		20,900		20,900		23,232		(2,332)
Equipment for Non-County Agency		-		18,214		18,214		=
Non-capitalized equipment		25,000		34,786		14,690		20,096
Supplies		42,850		42,850		13,721		29,129
Special district expense		16,600		16,600		9,289		7,311
Household expense		9,000		9,000		8,269		731
Property tax refunds		-		-		1,605		(1,605)
Small tools & instruments		1,000		1,000		427		573
Miscellaneous		5,900		5,900		8,902		(3,002)
Capital Outlay		-		80,000		83,155		(3,155)
Total expenditures		875,112		983,112		948,714		34,398
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues								
over/(under) expenditures		(68,052)		(176,052)		(44,582)		131,470
Fund balance - beginning		2,539,743		2,539,743		2,539,743		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	2,471,691	\$	2,363,691	\$	2,495,161	\$	131,470

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

# Montezuma Fire Protection District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Adopted	Final	Actual Amounts		
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 694,300	\$ 694,300	\$ 701,848	\$ 7,548	
Charges for services	-	-	190,675	190,675	
Grant revenue	-	-	11,217	11,217	
Lease income	10,400	10,400	9,600	(800)	
Other revenue	-	-	8,673	8,673	
Interest income	8,000	8,000	8,147	147	
Intergovernmental revenue		<u> </u>	58	58	
Total revenues	712,700	712,700	930,218	217,518	
Expenditures:					
Employee services	514,013	592,813	559,204	33,609	
Supplies	42,800	62,800	57,557	5,243	
Maintenance	39,000	55,000	47,884	7,116	
Transportation & travel	17,500	35,500	35,227	273	
Professional & specialized services	47,000	47,000	32,333	14,667	
Insurance	17,000	17,000	30,654	(13,654)	
Communication	20,500	20,500	27,637	(7,137)	
Utilities	19,000	22,000	22,167	(167)	
Special district expense	16,500	16,500	9,727	6,773	
Non-capitalized equipment	25,000	25,000	9,638	15,362	
Household expense	9,000	9,000	7,711	1,289	
Property tax refunds	-	· -	1,447	(1,447)	
Small tools & instruments	1,000	1,000	516	484	
Miscellaneous	4,300	4,300	6,084	(1,784)	
Capital Outlay	30,388	42,388	10,834	31,554	
Total expenditures	803,001	950,801	858,620	92,181	
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues					
over/(under) expenditures	(90,301)	(238,101)	71,598	309,699	
Fund balance - beginning	2,468,145	2,468,145	2,468,145	-	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,377,844	\$ 2,230,044	\$ 2,539,743	\$ 309,699	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

# Montezuma Fire Protection District of Solano County Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

#### **Budgetary Information**

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 13895, on or before October 1st of each year, the District Board of Fire Commissioners shall adopt a budget which shall conform to the accounting and budgeting procedures for Special Districts contained in the California Code of Regulations. The budget shall establish its appropriations limit pursuant to Division 9 of the Government Code. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

An operating budget prepared on a modified accrual basis is adopted each fiscal year for the general fund. The Board of Fire Commissioners shall provide a copy of the final budget to the auditor of each county in which the District is located.